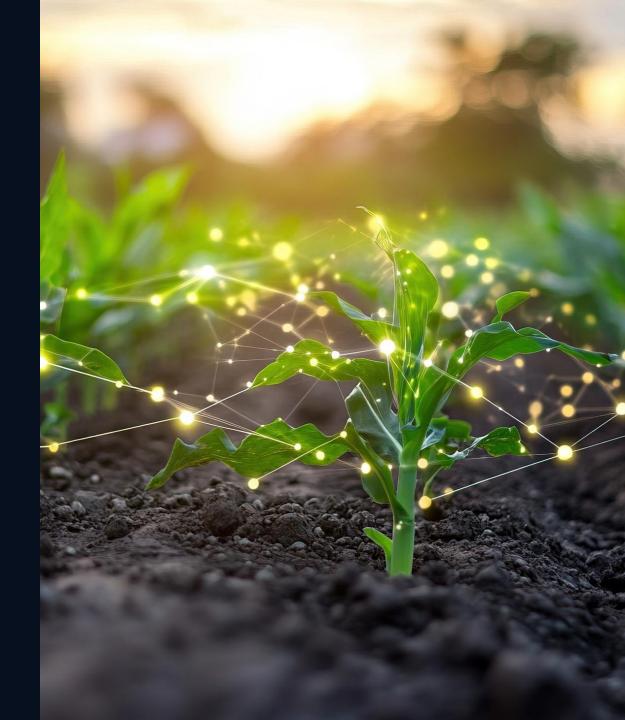


**OTCQB: GNVR** 

# Peptides by Design

December 2025
Corporate Overview & Investor Presentation



# **Forward Looking Statements**

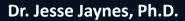


This presentation contains "forward-looking statements." The statements contained in this presentation that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give the Company's current expectations or forecasts of future events. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that are often difficult to predict and beyond the Company's control and could cause the Company's results to differ materially from those described. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may," "should," "potential," "continue," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "estimates," and similar expressions. These statements include statements regarding moving forward with executing the Company's global growth strategy. The statements are based upon current beliefs, expectations and assumptions and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict. The Company is providing this information as of the date of this presentation and does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends affecting the financial condition of our business. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results may be achieved.

# Genvor is on a Mission to Transform Agriculture Through its Al-Accelerated Peptide Platform









Dr. Clayton C. Yates, Ph.D.

#### The Founders' Vision

Dr. Jesse Jaynes and Dr. Clayton Yates, leading experts in therapeutic peptides, had a bold vision: If peptides could revolutionize human medicine by targeting diseases with precision and safety, why couldn't they transform agriculture?



Genvor was founded with the goal of engineering peptides that optimize agricultural outcomes with biological safety, using AI to accelerate peptide discovery and development beyond what traditional R&D could achieve alone.

Today, Genvor's AI-accelerated platform is yielding peptides that are designed to address agriculture's most critical needs: enhanced productivity, regulatory compliance, and consumer safety.

# **Agriculture Faces a \$220 Billion Crisis**

There's a significant opportunity to leverage peptides to defend against devastating plant

pathogens while optimizing agricultural performance.

- Food production must double by 2050 to meet the food demand of the global population growth to 9.6 billion people<sup>1</sup>.
- Annual global crop losses due to plant pathogens exceeds \$220 billion<sup>2</sup>.
  - These include fungi such as "Aspergillus flavus," which produce Aflatoxins a toxic and carcinogenic compound known for liver cancer in humans and animals.
  - The annual cost of Aflatoxin contamination in the US alone is estimated to be ~\$500 million3.



Genvor's Al-accelerated platform yields peptides that address agriculture's most critical needs: enhanced productivity, regulatory compliance, and consumer safety.

# Agricultural Biologicals Market is Growing Rapidly with Regulatory Tailwinds



Traditional Ag chemical growth is peaking and faces regulatory headwinds, while **Biochemicals are in the beginning stages** of a generational breakout.

#### **Peptide Regulatory Advantage**

- ✓ Fast-track EPA registration (1 year vs 3 years)
- ✓ Simplified registration in many countries
- ✓ Increasing regulations favor biochemicals over synthetic chemicals
- ✓ Export exemptions from pesticide residue limits
- ✓ Compatible with organic certification requirements

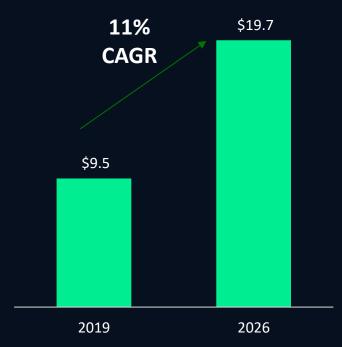
#### **Strategic Opportunity**

Genvor's peptide technology aligns well with market shift toward biological fungicide solutions

#### Agricultural Biologicals Market<sup>1</sup>

(\$ Billions)

Agricultural biologicals market projected to more than double from \$9.5B to \$19.7B with 11% CAGR



## **Genvor Corporate Overview**



Genvor is an agricultural biotechnology company that uses Al-accelerated peptide design to develop sustainable, residue-free agricultural solutions that optimize crop performance across row and specialty crops



#### **Key Value Drivers**

- ✓ Al-Accelerated platform
- ✓ Cross-crop scalability
- ✓ Compatible by design
- ✓ Flexible application methods



#### **Strategic Adoption Model**

- ✓ Scalability is accelerated through partnerships and licensing, enabling efficient market entry
- Actively engaged with multiple Tier 1 Ag majors for JVs & commercialization



#### **Competitive Advantages**

- ✓ Proprietary BioCypher Algorithm with 50,000+ designed peptides
- ✓ 5 issued U.S. patents, 2 pending U.S. patent applications, and 4 additional applications in preparation
- ✓ Backed by 7+ years of USDA collaboration and 40+ years of combined academic and commercial expertise.



#### **Market Opportunity**

√ \$220 billion in annual crop losses to plant pathogens globally

# Genvor's Peptides are Designed for a Variety of Delivery Modes Across Row & Specialty Crops



#### **Biological Sprays**

Used for greenhouse and specialty crops like berries, herbs, and vegetables.

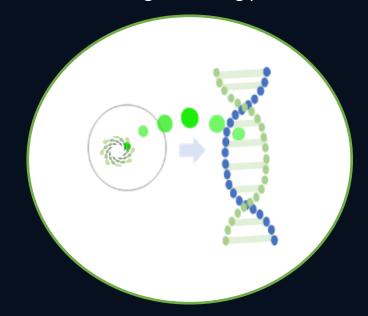
- ✓ Eco-friendly disease control
- ✓ Fast-track EPA registration
- ✓ Compatible with organic certification
- √ ~95% of plant diseases are caused by fungi & bacteria



#### **Seed Traits**

Peptides encoded directly into seeds of large-scale crops like corn, soybeans, and cotton.

- ✓ Long-term disease resistance
- ✓ Enhanced protein and nutrition
- ✓ Scalable through licensing partners



### Genvor's Competitive Advantage:The BioCypher™ Algorithm



Genvor's digitized peptide library represents a breakthrough opportunity to efficiently develop peptides faster than anyone else



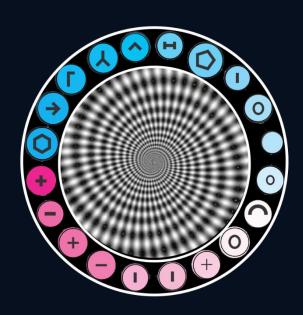
**Proprietary Research Foundation** 

30+ years of peptide research creates the world's largest agricultural peptide dataset



**Custom Algorithm Architecture** 

Genvor's proprietary peptide language and classification system powers our Al advantage





**Unmatched Library Scale** 

50,000+ designed peptides with proven efficacy data that competitors cannot replicate



**Real-World Validation** 

Al trained on actual field performance, not theoretical models or limited lab data

### **Our Four Core Peptide Technologies**



At the heart of our innovation are four proprietary peptide classes that we engineer for high-impact applications in plant health, animal feed, and sustainable agriculture.



# Antimicrobial Peptides (AMPs)

- Purpose: To prevent plant disease at the cellular level.
- Mechanism: AMPs work by inhibiting pathogens through targeted cellular interaction, replacing the need for chemical fungicides.
- ✓ Benefits: AMPs offer a residuefree alternative to traditional fungicides and are compatible with seed traits, seed treatments, and foliar applications.



# C-terminally Encoded Peptides (CEPs)

- ✓ Purpose: To regulate plant growth, nutrient uptake, and stress response.
- Mechanism: Trigger plant receptor pathways that regulate nutrient uptake, stress response, and growth efficiency.
- ✓ Benefits: CEPs improve nutrient use efficiency, enhance stress tolerance, and strengthen the plant's immune system.



#### **Insecticidal Peptides**

- Purpose: To neutralize and sterilize insect pests by disrupting core biological systems.
- Mechanism: Target insect ion channels and membranes, disrupting key functions to neutralize pests without harming beneficial species.
- ✓ Benefits: Targets pests with precision, protecting crops without harming pollinators or beneficial species.



### Nutrient Enhancing Peptides (NEPs)

- Purpose: To boost nutrition and metabolism in crops and animal feed.
- Mechanism: Boost nutrient absorption and protein synthesis by enhancing plant metabolism and uptake efficiency.
- ✓ **Benefits:** NEPs increase protein quality, support micronutrient absorption, and improve overall metabolic performance in plants and animals.

#### **Our Peptide Development Process**



#### **Together with Partners**

#### **Research & Development**







#### Conceptualization

A product idea is conceptualized based on expected traits from Genvor's patented peptide library.

#### **Trait Development**







#### **Initial Lab Testing**

Standalone peptides are introduced into plant cells and tested by labs to determine the activity and efficacy of targeted traits.

#### **Testing**





#### **Trait Continuity**

During testing, the traits are tested to ensure they are still expressed properly through several generations of seeds.

#### **Trait Validation**





#### **Initial Field Trials**

Plants are grown in a field or greenhouse setting to ensure they grow and yield as they should while still exhibiting the desired traits.

#### **Regulatory Approval**





#### **The Final Stage**

Regulatory approval is a back-andforth process, where field trial data is presented and regulators request additional data to address any specific questions they may have.

# **Genvor Peptide Development Pipeline**



**Three AMP Families & One NEP Family in Active Development** 

Potential Strategic Partners Typically Begin to Express Interest in Transactions During These Stages

Crop		Peptide Family	R&D	Trait Development	Testing	Trait Validation	Regulatory Approval	
Citrus	Anti-Pathogen	AGM-176 & AGM-179						
Corn	Anti-Pathogen	AGM-182 & GV-185/187				$\overline{}$		
	Enhanced Nutrition	GV-HNP-1 & 2						
Rice	Anti-Pathogen	GV-185 & GV-187					Already Secured Post-App Citrus Licensing Deal for A	
Soybean	Anti-Pathogen	GV-185 & GV-187					176/179 with Tier-1 Part	
Flax	Anti-Pathogen	GV-185 & GV-187						
Potato	Anti-Pathogen	GV-185 & GV-187				First Corn AMP expect licensing in 2025, e	nabled by USDA	
Cotton	Anti-Pathogen	GV-185 & GV-187				partnership Legend		
							AMP NEP	

## **Third-Party Validation: Powering Progress Together**



World-class partnerships accelerate technology development and de-risk commercialization

#### **BAYER GOLDEN TICKET**

Inaugural Recipient - 2024

First company selected for Bayer's Golden Ticket award:

- ✓ Year-long access to Bayer LifeHub California labs
- ✓ World-class mentorship resources
- ✓ Direct pathway to industry partnership



#### **USDA CRADA**

7+ year collaboration

Exclusive Cooperative R&D Agreement with USDA-ARS:

- ✓ Joint development of aflatoxin-resistant corn
- ✓ USDA co-assignment on key patents
- ✓ Fast-track regulatory pathway support



#### **TUSKEGEE UNIVERSITY**

Teaming Agreement - 2025

Strategic partnership with founding scientist institution:

- Access to world-class research laboratories
- ✓ Collaborative grantsupported development
- ✓ Next-generation scientific talent pipeline



# USDA Partnership Validates Genvor's Technology Through Collaborative Research Agreement (CRADA)





CRADA objectives include developing corn varieties resistant to pre-harvest aflatoxin contamination.



Partnership develops corn inbred lines with nutritional enhancements for swine and poultry.



Agreement includes commercialization of peptide technology, increasing chances of commercial adoption and market impact



CRADA expands expertise and speeds development of technologies used by farmers or consumers.



Partnership provides access to USDA regulatory team for registrations and processes.





Corn with Genvor seed traits growing in a USDA facility for study.

# 

Genvor's synthetic peptide candidates demonstrated strong antifungal activity at low concentrations, de-risking the program for partnerships and commercial advancement

Design Generation	3rd		2nd	1st		
****	Synthetic Peptides					
	GV185	GV187	AGM185	D4E1		
Fungal Pathogen	IC <sub>50</sub> <sup>a</sup> 95% CI <sup>b</sup>	IC <sub>50</sub> 95% CI	IC <sub>50</sub> 95% CI	IC <sub>50</sub> 95% CI		
Rhizopus stolonifer	8.7 (2, 15.4)	7.4 (3.2, 11.7)	22.1 (-14.7, 58.9)	12.4 (0.2, 24.5)		
Aspergillus flavus AF70	3.9 (2.7, 5.1)	3.3 (2.2, 4.4)	7.9 (4.3, 11.6)	11.2 (0.8, 21.5)		
Aspergillus flavus Tox 4	2.9 (2.3, 3.6)	2.4 (1.9, 3)	7.1 (5.1, 9)	9.8 (4, 15.6)		
Fusarium graminearum	2.1 (1.7, 2.4)	2.2 (1.9, 2.5)	4.6 (3.1, 6.2)	6.2 (2.3, 10.2)		
Fusarium verticillioides	2.1 (1.8, 2.4)	1.2 (1.1, 1.4)	2 (1.8, 2.3)	2.5 (2, 3)		
Fusarium oxysporum f.s. vasinfectum	2.2 (1.8, 2.6)	1.5 (1.4, 1.7)	1.7 (1.5, 1.9)	2 (1.6, 2.4)		
Claviceps purpurea	1.1 (1, 1.2)	1.1 (1, 1.2)	1.3 (1.1, 1.4)	1.6 (1.3, 1.8)		
Thielaviopsis basicola	1.4 (1.3, 1.6)	1.3 (1.2, 1.3)	1.3 (1.1, 1.4)	1.5 (1.2, 1.7)		
Verticillium dahliae	0.9 (0.8, 0.9)	0.8 (0.7, 0.9)	0.9 (0.9, 1)	0.8 (0.7, 0.9)		
Xanthomonas campestris p.v. campestris	0.1 (0.1, 0.1)	0.1 (0.1, 0.1)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)	0.2 (0.2, 0.3)		
Psuedomonas syringae p.v. tabaci	0.1 (0.1, 0.1)	0.1 (0.1, 0.1)	0.1 (0.1, 0.2)	0.2 (0.2, 0.2)		

Inhibitory dose 50 (IC<sub>50</sub>) values for fungal and bacterial plant pathogens challenged with synthetic peptides, GV185, GV187, D4E1 and AGM182. Genvor peptides were plated on medium and viable spores or colonies were counted. Dose-response curves were estimated using a generalized linear model with logit link and binomial distribution, i.e. logistic regression.  $IC_{50}$  values are the predicted peptide dose ( $\mu$ M) that 50% of spores or bacteria were inhibited or killed from dose-response curves for each synthetic peptide and pathogen with 95% confidence interval

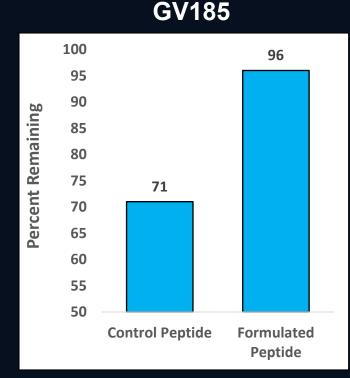
# **Genvor's Proprietary Formulations Achieve Commercial-Grade Peptide Stability**



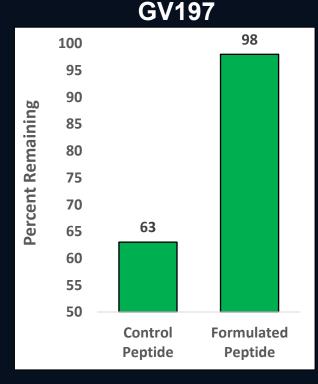
Advanced formulation technology solves industry-wide peptide stability challenges, enabling 2+ year shelf life required for commercial agricultural markets

# **Genvor's Formulations are Market Ready:**

- Industry-leading stability across multiple peptide candidates
- Meets agricultural industry standard for 2+ year shelf life
- Enables global distribution through existing supply chains
- Reduces storage and handling costs for partners
- Positions peptides as viable alternative to traditional fungicides



96% peptide retention after 2-year simulation

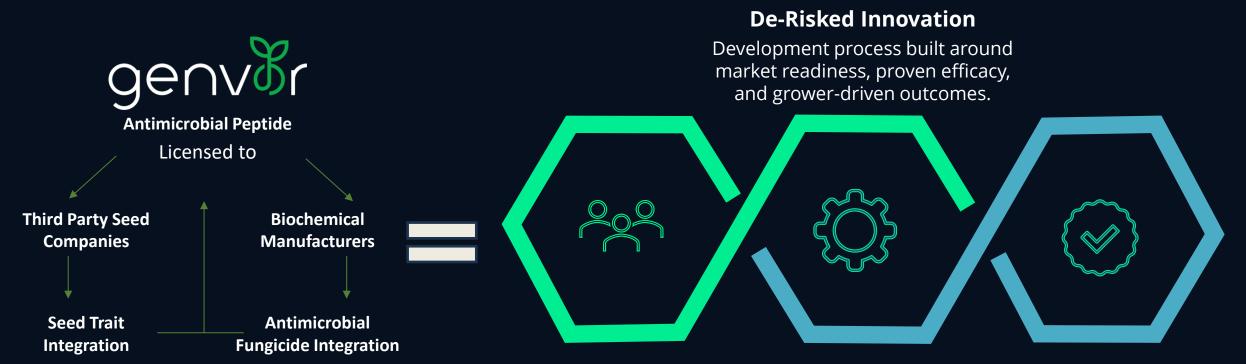


98% peptide retention after 2year simulation

# Licensing-First Business Model Enables Capital-Efficient Market Penetration



Genvor's model is to develop and license proprietary designed peptides in the form of **biological fungicides** or **seed traits** to downstream partners



#### **Strategic Adoption Model**

Global scalability is accelerated through licensing, enabling efficient market entry & minimized overhead, allowing Genvor to focus on core R&D competency

#### **Flexible Licensing Model**

Licensing can take the form of reimbursement of R&D fees, milestone payments and royalty of future sales

### **Proven Performance And IP Protection Validate Commercial Potential**





#### **Patent Portfolio Strength**

First U.S. patent issued in 2015 covering eight peptides, including all key pipeline peptides.



#### **Transgenic Protection Secured**

Second U.S. patent issued in 2021 for transgenic corn with anti-fungal peptide AGM-182.



#### **Expanding IP Coverage**

Today, Genvor has 5 issued U.S. patents, 2 pending U.S. patent applications, and 4 additional applications in preparation.



#### **Commercial Validation Progress**

Already secured post-approval citrus licensing deal for AGM-176/179 with Tier-1 partner.



				US009163066B2		
		(12) United Stat	es Patent	(10) Patent No.: (45) Date of Patent:	US 9,163,066 B2 Oct. 20, 2015	
		(54) ANTIMICROBIAL L (75) Inventor: Jesse Mich	YTIC PEPTIDES ael Javnes, Auburn, AL (US)			
			D LLC, Anapolis, MD (US)	(56) Reference		
				U.S. PATENT	DOCUMENTS	
		(*) Notice: Subject to a	ny disclaimer, the term of this	6.084.156 A * 7/2000	Garbabino et al 800/301 514/12	
(12)	United Sta	tes Patent	(10) Patent No.:	US 11,083,775 B2	ONS S1412	
()	Jaynes et al.		(45) Date of Patent	, ,	d., 1976, pp. 1-7.*	
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(54)		RN WITH ANTIFUNGAL USDA (DN:0113.18)	aflatoxin in maize kernels" J Foo	mbryo influences accumulation of d Protect, 56 (Nov. 1993) 967-971.	Science, 1998, 282, pp. ons Inc., 1995, pp. 235-	
(71)	United St represent	nc., Dallas, TX (US); The ates of America, as ed by the Secretary of re, Washington DC, DC (US)	cottonseed* Toxins (Basel), 3 (J Chen, et al. "Discovery and con ated with maize aflatoxin resists (2015) 211-224.	tance to aflatoxin in maize and un. 2011) 678-696. firmation of genes/proteins associ- ance" World Mycotoxin Journal, 8 an antimicrobial peptide via the	oin Structure Protection 94.* a Structurally Modula Domain to Analogou Mol. Blol. (2002) 324	
(72)	(US); <b>Kar</b> LA (US); LA (US);	hael Jaynes, Auburn, AL miah Rajasekaran, Matairie, Jeffrey W Cary, Covington, Ronald J Sayler, Farmington, Rajtilak Majumdar, LA (US)	chloroplast genome to centrol phytopenthogenic bacteria and fungi" Plant Physiol, 1, 127 (2001) 852-862.  Def.ucca, et al. "Fungicidal properties, sterol binding, and proteolytic resistance of the synthetic peptide D4E1" Canadian Journal of Microbiology, 44 (1998) 514-52.  Edwards, et al. "Contribution of amphipathopic hip hydrophobicity be due admirrobial activity and explosionative year of the desired properties."  Dodds to the admirrobial activity and explosionicity of batte-hairpine peptides."			
(73)	Assignees: GENVOR INC., Dallas, TX (US); The United States of America, as represented by the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, DC (US)		ACS Infect Dis, 2 (2016) 442-450. Frame, et al. "Genetic transformation using maize immuture zygotic embryos" Methods Mol Biol, Springer Sciences-Business Media, LLC, Citifon, N.J. Jan. 2011, pp. 327-341. Granz, T. "Defemsius: antimicrobial peptidos of innate immunity" antimicrobial Nat Rev Immuna. 3 (Sep. 2003) 710-720.			
(*)	patent is o	any disclaimer, the term of this extended or adjusted under 35 4(b) by 0 days.	Kamo, et al. "Expression of a synthetic antimicrobial peptide, DEE, in Gladiolus plants for resistance to Fusarium oxyporum f. sp. Gladiolit" Plant Cell Tiss Organ Cult, 121 (2015) 459-467. Liu, et al. "Response of transgenic Royal Gala apple (Malus x			
(21)	Appl. No.: 16/134,33	6	to Erwinia amylovora" Plant Ce	g a modified eccropin MB39 gene, ill Rep., 20 (Published online May		
(22)	Filed: Sep. 18, 2	018		ence (RNAi) as a potential tool for		
(65)	Prior P	ublication Data	considerations" Frontiers in Pla	ntion in crop plants: Concepts and ant Science, 8 (published Feb. 14,		
, -,	US 2020/0085911 A1	Mar. 19, 2020	2017). Masanga, et al., Downregulatio	on of transcription factor affR in		
()	Int. Cl.  C12N 15/82 (2006.01)  461K 38/17 (2006.01)  CS Cl.  CPC 461K 38/1767 (2013.01); C12N 15/8205		Aspecijilius flavus confers reduction to aflatosin accumulation in transgenic maize with alteration of host plant architecture, Plant Cell Rep., 34 (2015) 1379-1387. Mentag, et al. "Bacterial disease resistance of transgenic hybrid poplar expressing the synthetic antimicrobial popular Delle" Tree Physiology, 2 (published Mar, 17, 2003) 486-411. minutes			
	(2013.01); C	12N 15/8216 (2013.01); C12N 15/8282 (2013.01)		Food Additives & Contaminants:		
(58)	Field of Classificatio None	n Search		tinued)		
		or complete search history.	Primary Examiner — Jason			
			(7.4) 40 4 1 1	F1 F 1 F2 F2 F3		

(74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm - Edwin S. Flores; Daniel

J. Chalker: Chalker Flores, LLP

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

### **Experienced Team Brings Deep Industry Expertise**



#### **Agribusiness Leadership**



Chad Pawlak Sr., MBA
Chief Executive Officer

Chad Pawlak brings 30 years of experience driving revenue growth across agribusiness and sustainability.

#### **Scientific Innovation**



Dr. Jesse Jaynes, Ph.D. Co-Founder, Chairman & Director of Scientific Research & Development

Dr. Jesse Jaynes is a leading authority on therapeutic peptide design with extensive patents.

#### **Scientific Innovation**



Dr. Clayton C. Yates, Ph.D. Co-Founder, Scientific Advisor

Dr. Clayton Yates' unique position at the intersection of human peptide therapeutics and agricultural peptide development has yielded innovations that address global challenges in both health and food security.

#### **Research Expertise**



Dr. Brianna Fochs, Ph.D. Senior Scientist & Lab Manager

Dr. Fochs has spent the last several years investigating how plant- and humanpathogens interact with plants on a molecular level. genvær



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